



DATA IMAGE CORPORATION

TFT Module Specification preliminary

ITEM NO.: FG050722DSSWDG01

Table of Contents

1. COVER & CONTENTS	1
2. RECORD OF REVISION	2
3. APPLICATION.....	3
4. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS	3
5. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	3
6. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	3
7. BLOCK DIAGRAM	4
8. PIN CONNECTIONS	5
9. INTERFACE SPECIFICATIONS	7
10. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC	12
11. QUALITY ASSURANCE	15
12. LOT NUMBERING SYSTEM	16
13. LCM NUMBERING SYSTEM	16
14. PRECAUTIONS IN USE LCM	17
15. OUTLINE DRAWING	18
16. PACKAGE INFORMATION	19

Customer Companies	R&D Dept.	Q.C. Dept.	Eng. Dept.	Prod. Dept.
	ALEX	ERIC	GARY	HUANG
Approved by	Version:	Issued Date:	Sheet Code:	Total Pages:
	1	2007/08/27		19

3. APPLICATION

Digital equipments which need color display, such as P.O.S, medical equipments and industrial equipments.

4. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Display resolution	(640X R.G.B) (W) x480(H)	dot
Active area	115.2(W) x 86.4(H)	mm
Screen size	5.7(Diagonal)	inch
Dot pitch	0.06(W) x 0.18(H)	mm
Color configuration	R.G.B. Stripe	
Overall dimension	127 (W) x 98.43(H) x 8.9Max.(T)	mm
Weight	TBD	g
Surface treatment	Clear	
View Angle direction	12 o'clock	
Our components and processes are compliant to RoHS standard		

5. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	MAX.	Unit	Remark
Power supply voltage	V _{CC}	-0.3	5.0	V	
Logic input voltage	V _I	-0.3	V _{CC} +0.3	V	
Operating temperature	T _{OP}	-20	+70	°C	Ambient temperature
Storage temperature	T _{ST}	-30	+80	°C	Ambient temperature

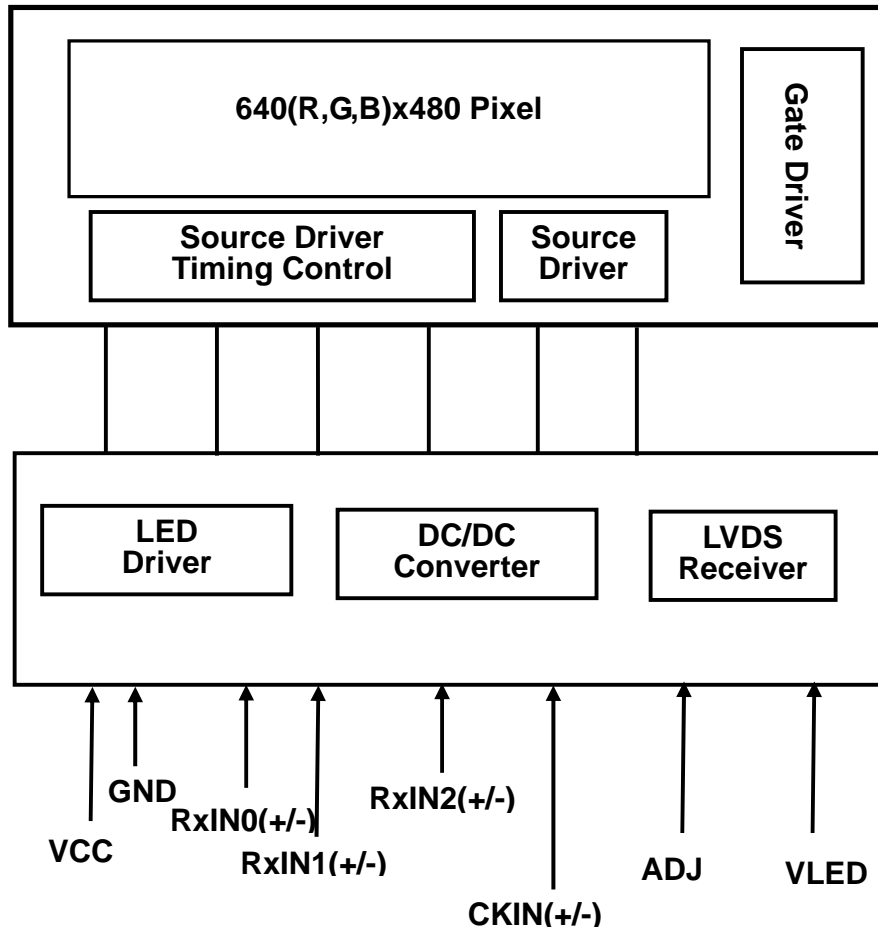
6. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

GND=0V,DCLK=25MHZ,Ta=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	Typ.	MAX.	Unit	Remark
Power Supply voltage for LCD	V _{CC}	+3.0	+3.3	+3.6	V	
Power Supply Current for LCD	I _{CC}		TBD		mA	V _{CC} =3.3V
Power Supply voltage for LED	V _{LED}	4.5	5	5.5	V	
Power Supply Current for LED	I _{LED}		TBD	--	mA	V _{LED} =5.0V
Ripple voltage	V _{RF}	-	-	100	mV _{P-P}	
"H" level logical input voltage	V _{IH}	0.7V _{CC}	--	V _{CC}	V	
"L" level logical input voltage	V _{IL}	0	--	0.3V _{CC}	V	
ADJ frequency		19K	20K	21K	Hz	
ADJ input voltage	V _{IH}	3.0	-	3.3	V	
	V _{IL}	0	-	0.3	V	
LED life time		--	40000	--	Hr	Note 1

Note 1: The "LED life time" is defined as the module brightness decrease to 50% original brightness that the ambient temperature is 25 and ADJ = 3.3V.

7. BLOCK DIAGRAM



8. PIN CONNECTIONS

Pin No	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	VCC	power supply for Digital Circuit	
2	VCC	power supply for Digital Circuit	
3	GND	Ground	
4	GND	Ground	
5	RxIN0-	Differential Data Input ,CH0(Negative)	
6	RxIN0+	Differential Data Input ,CH0(Positive)	
7	GND	Ground	
8	RxIN1-	Differential Data Input ,CH1(Negative)	
9	RxIN1+	Differential Data Input ,CH1(Positive)	
10	GND	Ground	
11	RxIN2-	Differential Data Input ,CH2(Negative)	
12	RxIN2+	Differential Data Input ,CH2(Positive)	
13	GND	Ground	
14	CKIN-	Differential Clock Input (Negative)	
15	CKIN+	Differential Clock Input (Positive)	
16	GND	Ground	
17	VLED	Power Supply for LED Driver Circuit	
18	VLED	Power Supply for LED Driver Circuit	
19	GND	Ground	
20	ADJ	Brightness control for LED B/L	

Remarks :

- 1) ADJ is brightness control Pin. The larger of the pulse duty is, the higher of the brightness.
- 2) ADJ signal is 0~3.3V. Operation frequency is 20KHz
- 3) GND PIN must be grounding, can not be floating.

8.1 Power Signal Sequence

Remarks:

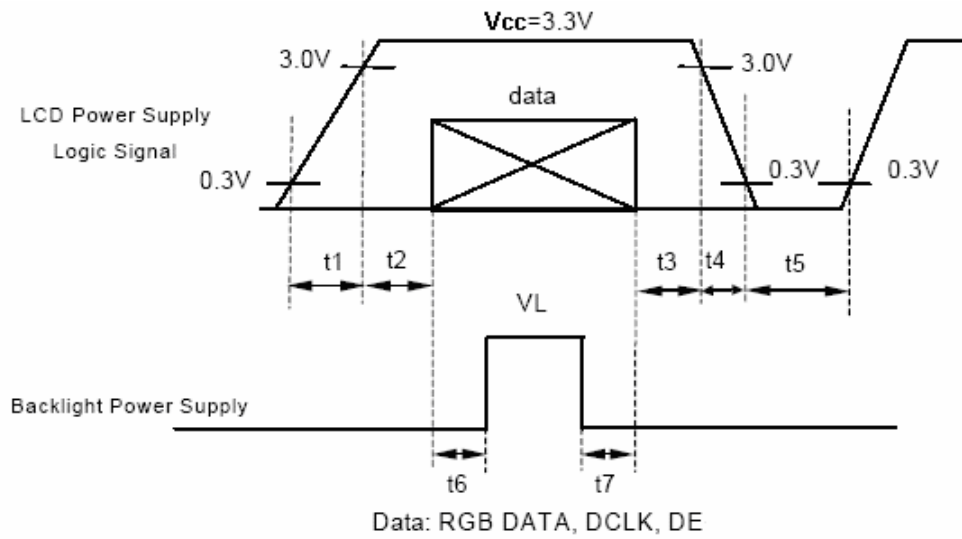
*1) Power Signal sequence:

$t1 \leq 10ms$: $1 sec \leq t5$

$50ms \leq t2$: $200ms \leq t6$

$0 < t3 \leq 50ms$: $200ms \leq t7$

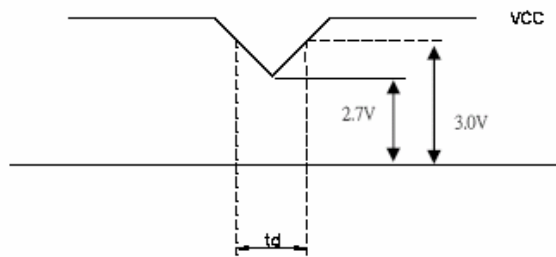
$0 < t4 \leq 10ms$



*2) VCC-dip condition:

(1) $2.7V \leq V_{CC} < 3.0V, t_d \leq 10ms$

(2) $V_{CC} > 3.0V$, VCC-dip condition should be the same with VCC-turn-on condition.



9. INTERFACE SPECIFICATIONS

9.1 DE mode Input signal characteristics

Signal	Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Remarks
DCLK	Period	t_{CLK}	33	40	43	ns	
	Frequency	f_{CLK}	23	25	30	MHz	
	Low Level Width	t_{WCL}	6	-	-	ns	
	High Level Width	t_{WCH}	6	-	-	ns	
	Rise, Fall Time	t_{CLKr}, t_{CLKf}	-	-	3	ns	
	Duty	-	0.45	0.50	0.55	-	
DE (Data Enable)	Setup Time	t_{DES}	5	-	-	ns	
	Hold Time	t_{DEH}	10	-	-	ns	
	Rise, Fall Time	t_{DEr}, t_{DEf}	-	-	16	ns	
	Horizontal Period	t_{HP}	750	800	900	t_{CLK}	
	Horizontal Valid	t_{HV}	640	640	640	t_{CLK}	
	Horizontal Blank	t_{HBK}	110	160	260	t_{CLK}	
	Vertical Period	t_{VP}	515	525	560	t_{HP}	
	Vertical Valid	t_{VW}	480	480	480	t_{HP}	
	Vertical Blank	t_{VBK}	35	45	80	t_{HP}	
	Vertical Frequency	f_v	55	60	65	Hz	
Data R,G,B	Setup Time	t_{DS}	5	-	-	ns	
	Hold Time	t_{DH}	10	-	-	ns	
	Rise, Fall Time	t_{Dr}, t_{Df}	-	-	3	ns	

Note: (1) t_{CLKL} / t_{CLK} .

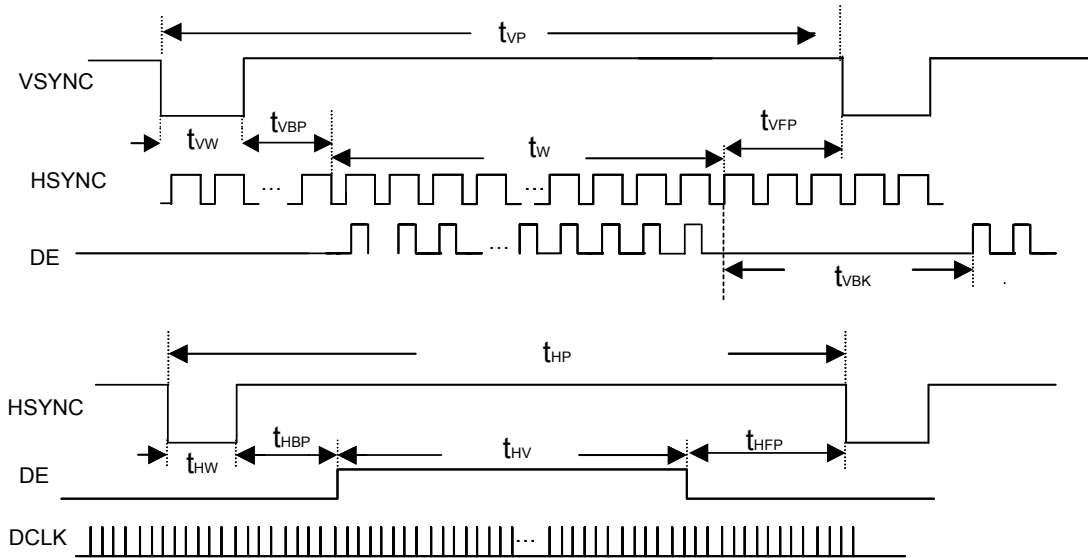
9.2 SYNC mode Input signal characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Remarks
Clock Period	t_{CLK}	33	40	43	ns	
Clock Frequency	f_{CLK}	23	25	30	MHz	
Clock Low Level Width	t_{WCL}	6	-	-	ns	
Clock High Level Width	t_{WCH}	6	-	-	ns	
Clock Rise, Fall Time	t_{CLKr}, t_{CLKf}	-	-	3	ns	
HSYNC Period	t_{HP}	750	800	900	t_{CLK}	
HSYNC Pulse Width	t_{HW}	5	30	-	t_{CLK}	
HSYNC Front Porch	t_{HFP}	1	16	116	t_{CLK}	
HSYNC Back Porch	t_{HBP}	1	114	139	t_{CLK}	
HSYNC Width + Back Porch	$t_{HW} + t_{HBP}$	144	144	144	t_{CLK}	
Horizontal Blank	t_{HBK}	1	160	260	t_{CLK}	
Horizontal Valid	t_{HV}	640	640	640	t_{CLK}	
VSYNC Period	t_{VP}	515	525	560	t_{HP}	
VSYNC Pulse Width	t_{VW}	1	3	5	t_{HP}	
VSYNC Front Porch	t_{VFP}	1	10	45	t_{HP}	
VSYNC Back Porch	t_{VBP}	30	32	34	t_{HP}	
VSYNC Width + Back Porch	$t_{VW} + t_{VBP}$	35	35	35	t_{CLK}	
Vertical Blank	t_{VBK}	35	45	80	t_{HP}	
Valid data Width	t_W	480	480	480	t_{HP}	
Data Setup Time	t_{DS}	5	-	-	ns	
Data Hold Time	t_{DH}	10	-	-	ns	

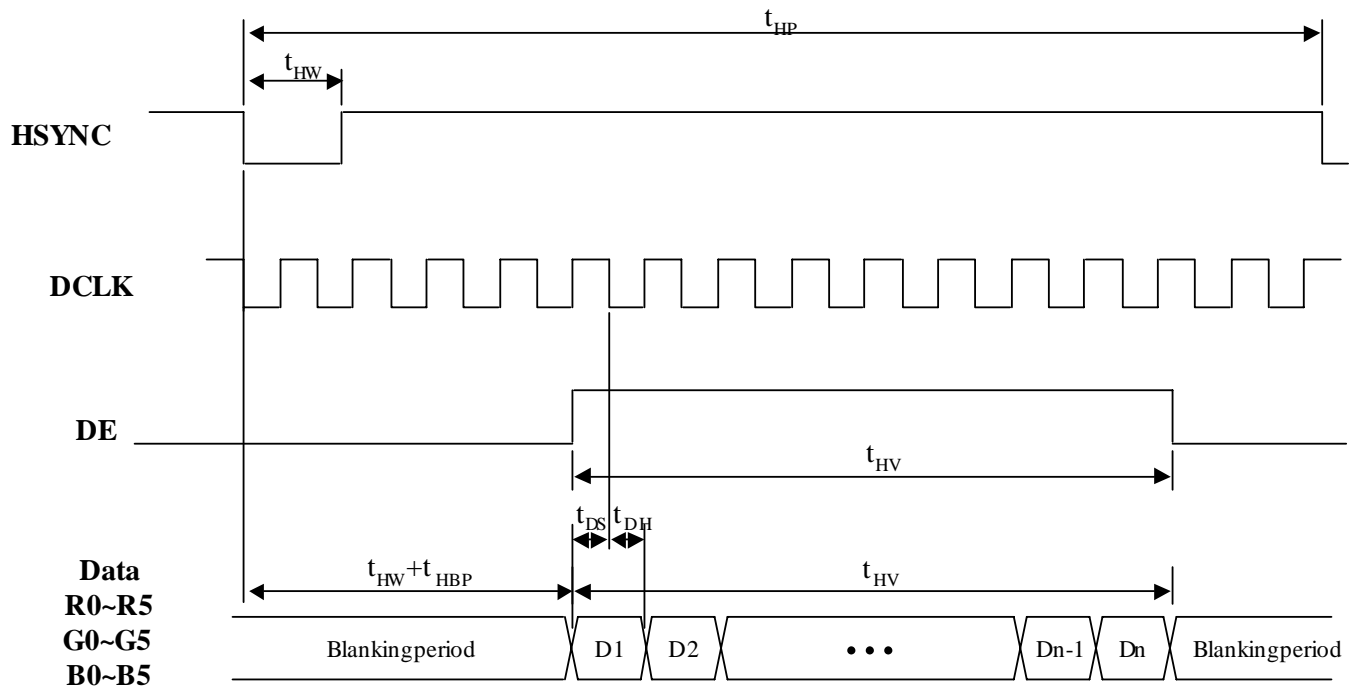
Note: (1) $t_{HBK} = t_{HFP} + t_{HW} + t_{HBP}$

9.2.1 SYNC mode timing waveform

9.2.1.1 Input vertical timing



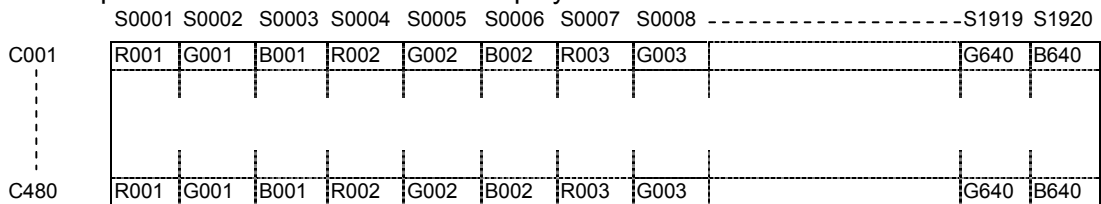
9.2.1.2 Input horizontal timing



9.3 Color Data Assignment

COLOR	INPUT	R DATA						G DATA						B DATA					
		DATA	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1
		MSB					LSB	MSB					LSB	MSB					LSB
BASIC COLOR	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	CYAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	MAGENTA	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	YELLOW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	WHITE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
RED	RED(0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	RED(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN	GREEN(0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	GREEN(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLUE	BLUE(0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	BLUE(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	BLUE(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

Remarks:(1) Definition of Gray Scale
 color(n):n is series of Gray Scale
 The more n value is, the bright Gray Scale.
 (2)Data:1-High,0-Low

Correspondence between Data and Display Position


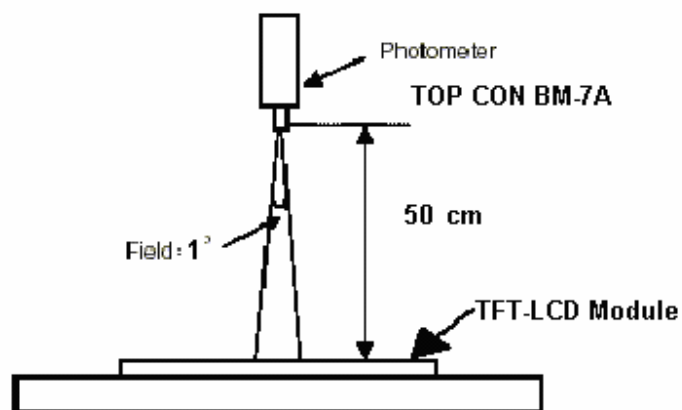
10. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC

Specification:

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Remarks	
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	θ_{x+}	60	70	--	deg	Note 1,4	
		θ_{x-}	60	70	--			
	Vertical	θ_{y+}	Center CR \geq 10	50	60			--
		θ_{y-}		30	40			--
Contrast Ratio	CR	at optimized viewing angle	200	300			Note 1,3	
Response time	Rise	Tr	-	15		ms	Note 1,6	
	Fall	Tf	-	35		ms		
Uniformity		B-uni	$\theta_{x=\theta_{y=0^{\circ}}}$	70	80	--	%	Note1,5
Brightness		L	$\theta_{x=\theta_{y=0^{\circ}}}$ ADJ=3.3V	360	400	--	cd/m ²	Note 1,2
Chromaticity	x_W	Center $\theta_{x=\theta_{y=0^{\circ}}}$		TBD			Note 1,7	
	y_W			TBD				
	x_R			TBD				
	y_R			TBD				
	x_G			TBD				
	y_G			TBD				
	x_B			TBD				
	y_B			TBD				
Image sticking	tis	2 hours			2	Sec	Note 8	

The following optical specifications shall be measured in a darkroom or equivalent state (ambient luminance ≤ 1 lux, and at room temperature). The operation temperature is $25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$. The measurement method is shown in Note1.

Note1: The method of optical measurement:

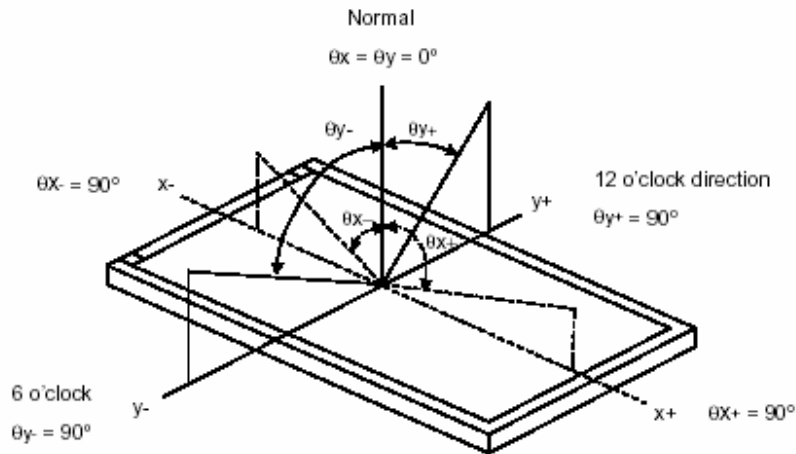


Note2: Measured at the center area of the panel and at the viewing angle of the $\theta_x = \theta_y = 0^\circ$

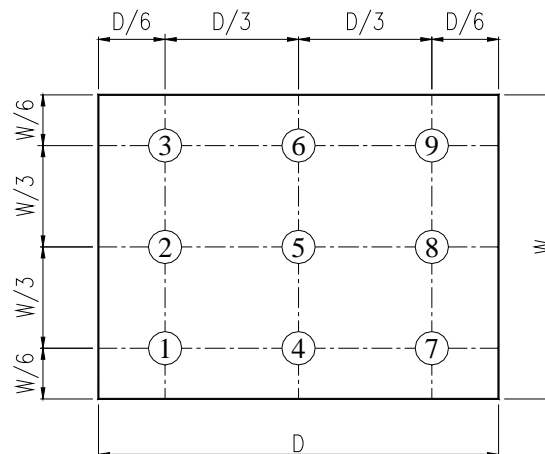
Note3: Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

$$CR = \frac{\text{Luminance with all pixels in white state}}{\text{Luminance with all pixels in Black state}}$$

Note4: Definition of Viewing Angle



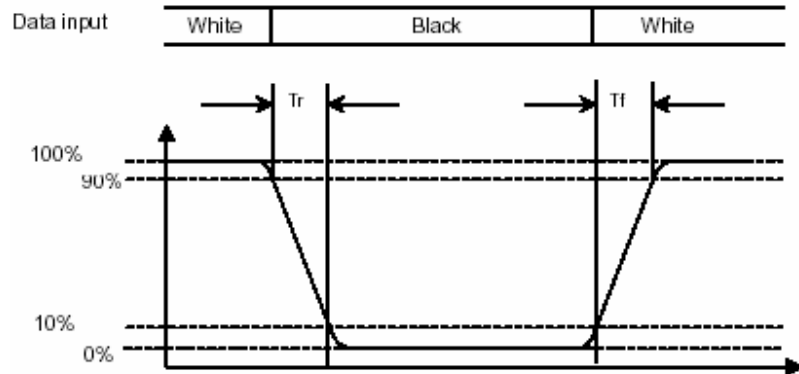
Note 5: Definition of Brightness Uniformity (B-uni):



$$B\text{-uni} = \frac{\text{Minimum luminance of 9 points}}{\text{Maximum luminance of 9 points}} \quad (\text{Note 5}).$$

Note6: Definition of Response Time:

The Response Time is set initially by defining the "Rising Time (T_r)" and the "Falling Time (T_f)" respectively. T_r and T_f are defined as following figure.



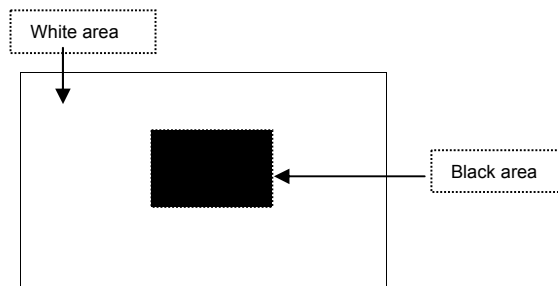
Note 7: Definition of Chromaticity:

The color coordinates (x_w, y_w) , (x_r, y_r) , (x_g, y_g) , and (x_b, y_b) are obtained with all pixels in the viewing field at white, red, green, and blue states, respectively.

Note 8: Definition of Image sticking (tis):

Continuously display the test pattern shown in the figure below for 2 hours. Then display a completely white screen. The previous image shall not persist more than 2 sec at 25 °C

Image sticking pattern



11. QUALITY ASSURANCE

11.1 Test Condition

11.1.1 Temperature and Humidity(Ambient Temperature)

Temperature : $25 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity : $65 \pm 5\%$

11.1.2 Operation

Unless specified otherwise, test will be conducted under function state.

11.1.3 Container

Unless specified otherwise, vibration test will be conducted to the product itself without putting it in a container.

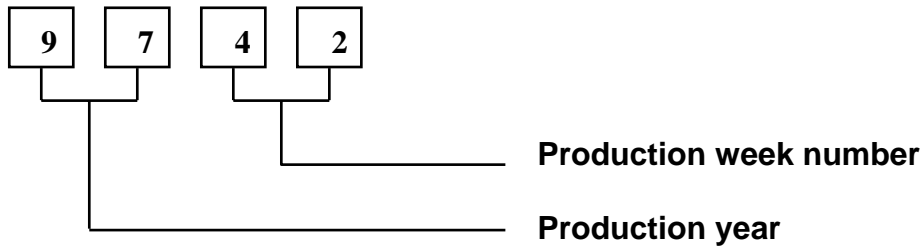
11.1.4 Test Frequency

In case of related to deterioration such as shock test. It will be conducted only once.

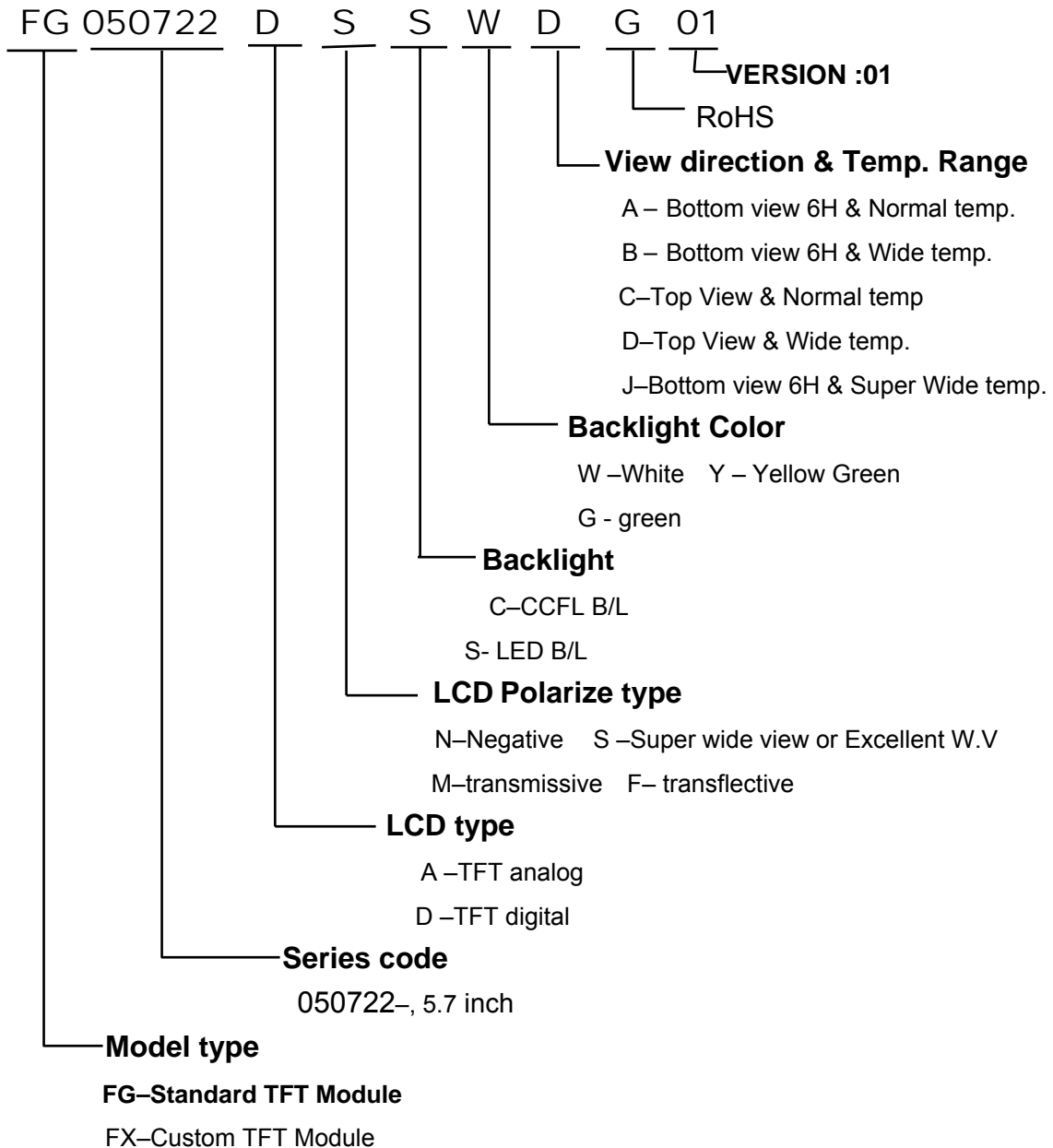
11.1.5 Test Method

No.	Reliability Test Item & Level	Test Level
1	High Temperature Storage Test	T=80°C,240hrs
2	Low Temperature Storage Test	T=-30°C,240hrs
3	High Temperature Operation Test	T=70°C,240hrs
4	Low Temperature Operation Test	T=-20°C,240hrs
5	High Temperature and High Humidity Operation Test	T=60°C,90% RH,240hrs
6	Thermal Cycling Test (No operation)	-30°C → +25°C → +80°C,200 Cycles 30 min 5min 30 min
7	Vibration Test (No operation)	Frequency:0 ~ 55 Hz Amplitude:1.5 mm Sweep Time:11min Test Period:6 Cycles for each Direction of X,Y,Z
8	Electrostatic Discharge Test (No operation)	150pF,330Ω Air:± 12KV;Contact: ±6KV 10 times/point;4 points/panel face

12. LOT NUMBERING SYSTEM



13. LCM NUMBERING SYSTEM



14. PRECAUTION FOR USING LCM

1. LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY (LCD)

LCD is made up of glass, organic sealant, organic fluid, and polymer based polarizers. The following precautions should be taken when handling,

- (1). Keep the temperature within range of use and storage. Excessive temperature and humidity could cause polarization degradation, polarizer peel off or bubble.
- (2). Do not contact the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead. To clean dust off the display surface, wipe gently with cotton, chamois or other soft material soaked in petroleum benzine.
- (3). Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately. Contact with water over a long period of time may cause polarizer deformation or color fading, while an active LCD with water condensation on its surface will cause corrosion of ITO electrodes.
- (4). Glass can be easily chipped or cracked from rough handling, especially at corners and edges.
- (5). Do not drive LCD with DC voltage.

2. Liquid Crystal Display Modules

2.1 Mechanical Considerations

LCM are assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision. Avoid excessive shocks and do not make any alterations or modifications. The following should be noted.

- (1). Do not tamper in any way with the tabs on the metal frame.
- (2). Do not modify the PCB by drilling extra holes, changing its outline, moving its components or modifying its pattern.
- (3). Do not touch the elastomer connector, especially insert an backlight panel (for example, EL).
- (4). When mounting a LCM make sure that the PCB is not under any stress such as bending or twisting. Elastomer contacts are very delicate and missing pixels could result from slight dislocation of any of the elements.
- (5). Avoid pressing on the metal bezel, otherwise the elastomer connector could be deformed and lose contact, resulting in missing pixels.

2.2. Static Electricity

LCM contains CMOS LSI's and the same precaution for such devices should apply, namely

- (1). The operator should be grounded whenever he/she comes into contact with the module. Never touch any of the conductive parts such as the LSI pads, the copper leads on the PCB and the interface terminals with any parts of the human body.
- (2). The modules should be kept in antistatic bags or other containers resistant to static for storage.
- (3). Only properly grounded soldering irons should be used.
- (4). If an electric screwdriver is used, it should be well grounded and shielded from commutator sparks.

(5) The normal static prevention measures should be observed for work clothes and working benches; for the latter conductive (rubber) mat is recommended.

(6). Since dry air is inductive to statics, a relative humidity of 50-60% is recommended.

2.3 Soldering

- (1). Solder only to the I/O terminals.
- (2). Use only soldering irons with proper grounding and no leakage.
- (3). Soldering temperature : $280^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$
- (4). Soldering time: 3 to 4 sec.
- (5). Use eutectic solder with resin flux fill.
- (6). If flux is used, the LCD surface should be covered to avoid flux spatters. Flux residue should be removed afterwards.

2.4 Operation

- (1). The viewing angle can be adjusted by varying the LCD driving voltage V_0 .
- (2). Driving voltage should be kept within specified range; excess voltage shortens display life.
- (3). Response time increases with decrease in temperature.
- (4). Display may turn black or dark blue at temperatures above its operational range; this is (however not pressing on the viewing area) may cause the segments to appear "fractured".
- (5). Mechanical disturbance during operation (such as pressing on the viewing area) may cause the segments to appear "fractured".

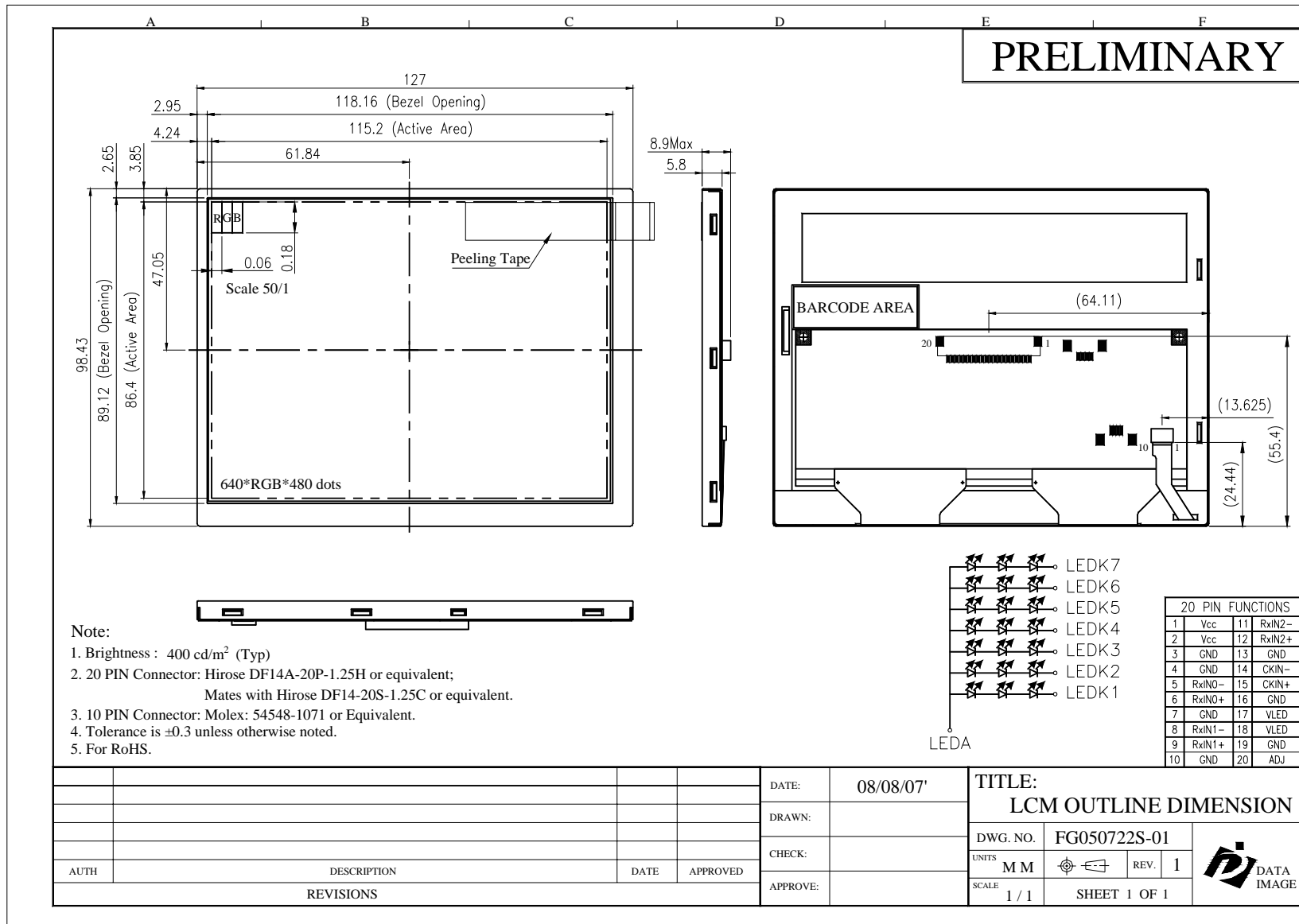
2.5 Storage

If any fluid leaks out of a damaged glass cell, wash off any human part that comes into contact with soap and water. Never swallow the fluid. The toxicity is extremely low but caution should be exercised at all the time.

2.6 Limited Warranty

Unless otherwise agreed between DATA IMAGE and customer, DATA IMAGE will replace or repair any of its LCD and LCM which is found to be defective electrically and visually when inspected in accordance with DATA IMAGE acceptance standards, for a period on one year from date of shipment. Confirmation of such date shall be based on freight documents. The warranty liability of DATA IMAGE is limited to repair and/or replacement on the terms set forth above. DATA IMAGE will not responsible for any subsequent or consequential events.

15. OUTLINE DRAWING



Confidential Document
16.PACKAGE INFORMATION

